

The practical path to net zero carbon

Catherine Ross, Cathedral and Church Buildings Division



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Examples of net zero carbon churches ...




St Michael's, Baddesley
LED lights
Pew heating
100% 'Green electricity'
Offset travel with Climate Stewards



St Michael's and All Angels, Withington
Reduce floodlighting hours & LED lights
Biomass and then pew heating
Solar panels which generate
more than churches use, so act as offset

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Today....

- Why net zero carbon?
- What is net zero carbon anyway?
- Our start point
- A vision of a net zero carbon church
- A practical path to get there
- A first step: gathering data
- Next steps and questions

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Why net zero?



- IPCC report: scientific analysis > **halve emissions by 2030 and net zero carbon by 2050**
- General Synod have called for all parts of the Church to move faster, setting us the challenge of planning for **net zero by 2030**

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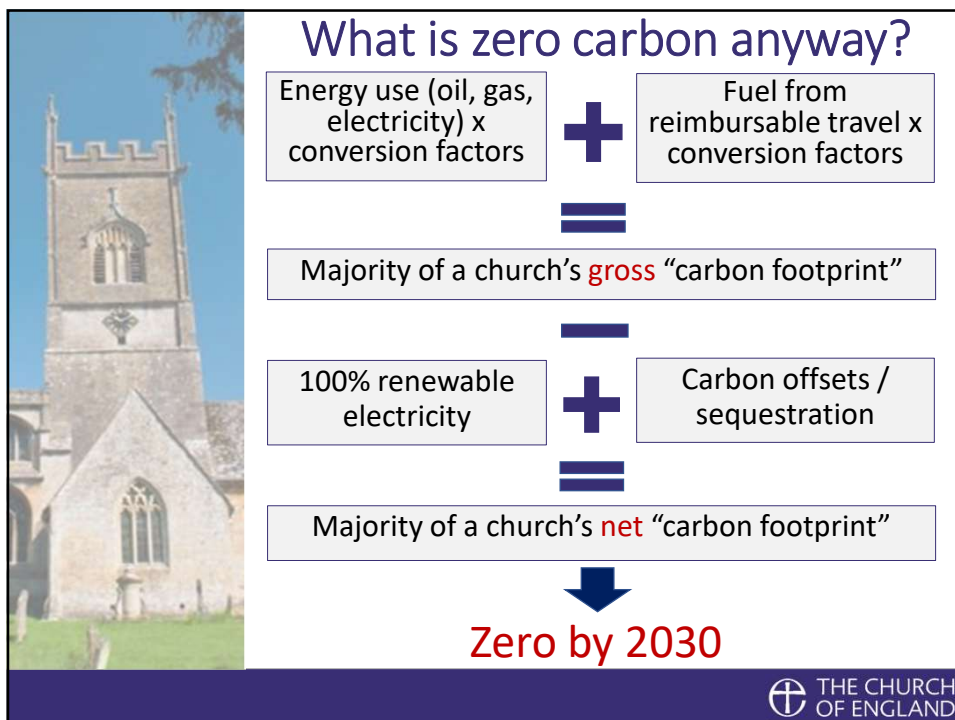


This is firmly rooted in mission

1. To proclaim the Good News of the Kingdom
2. To teach, baptise and nurture new believers
3. To respond to human need by loving service
4. To transform unjust structures of society, to challenge violence of every kind and pursue peace and reconciliation
5. To strive to **safeguard the integrity of creation, and sustain and renew the life of the earth.**

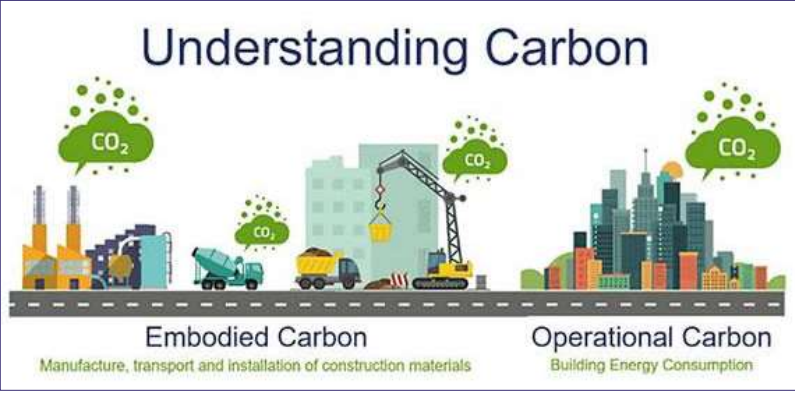
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Understanding Carbon




Embodied Carbon
Manufacture, transport and installation of construction materials
Operational Carbon
Building Energy Consumption


With buildings projects, it's important to think about both operation carbon, such as gas for heating, and embodied carbon, such as building materials.

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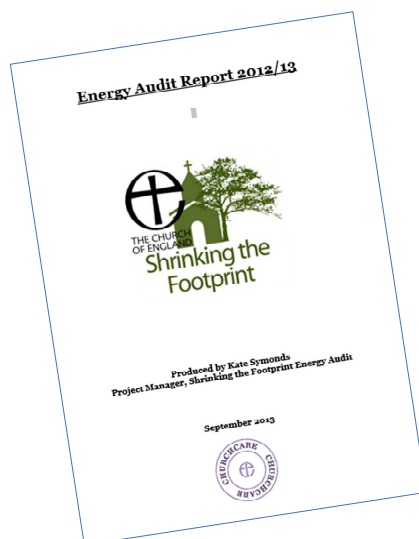
We know we have some of the most sustainable buildings in Britain.....



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... but our “carbon footprint” is significant.



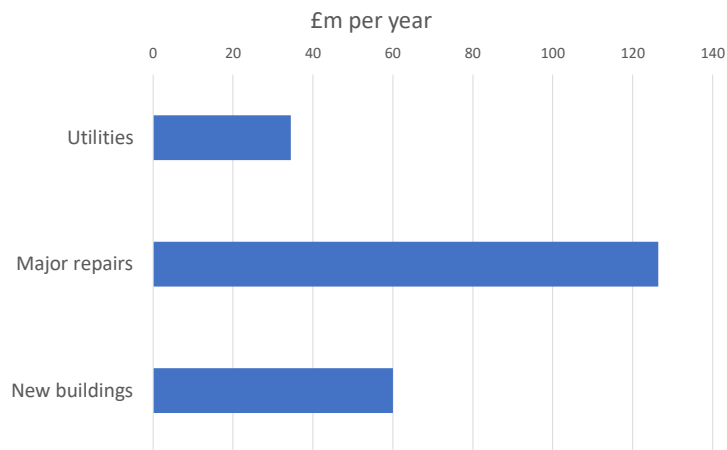
2012 baseline study: total annual carbon footprint
609k-1013k tonnes CO₂e.

This **only** includes **energy** (not transport, materials, procurement, food, waste)

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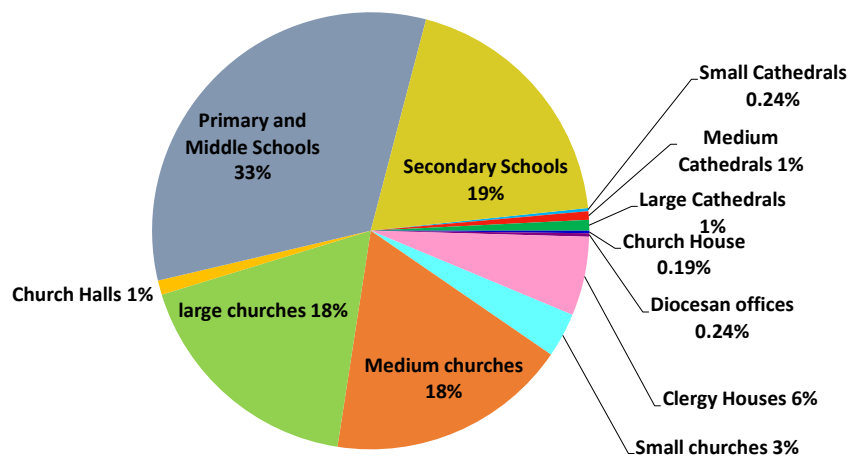
Church buildings cost a lot to run, so potential savings are significant ...



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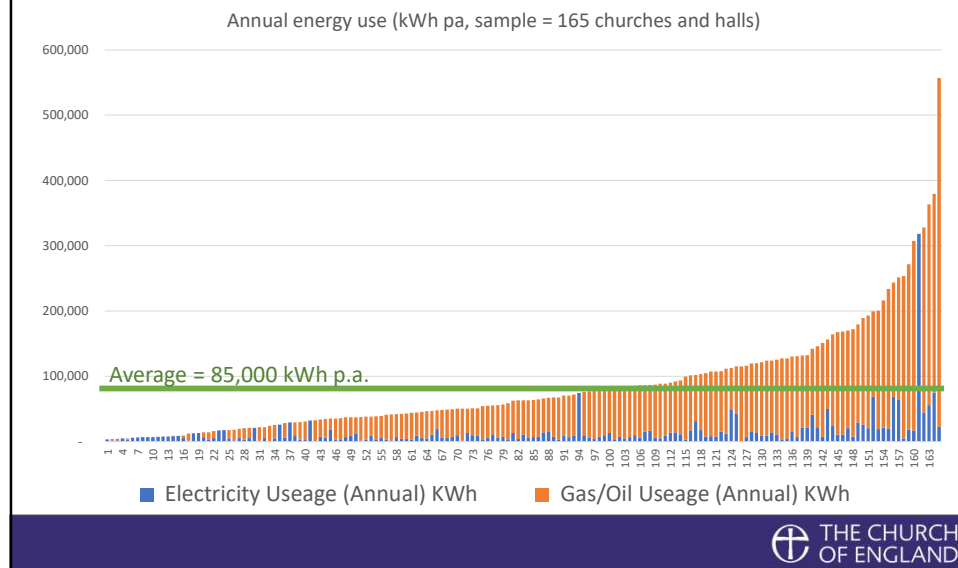
The 2012 study show us churches make up less than half our carbon footprint.

% of total carbon emissions by building type



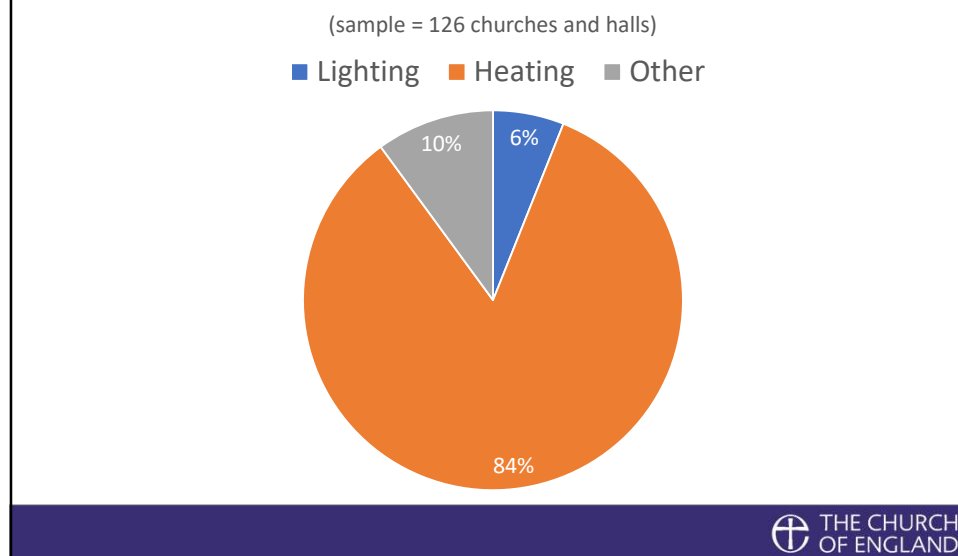
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The recent energy audits show how widely energy use varies from church to church



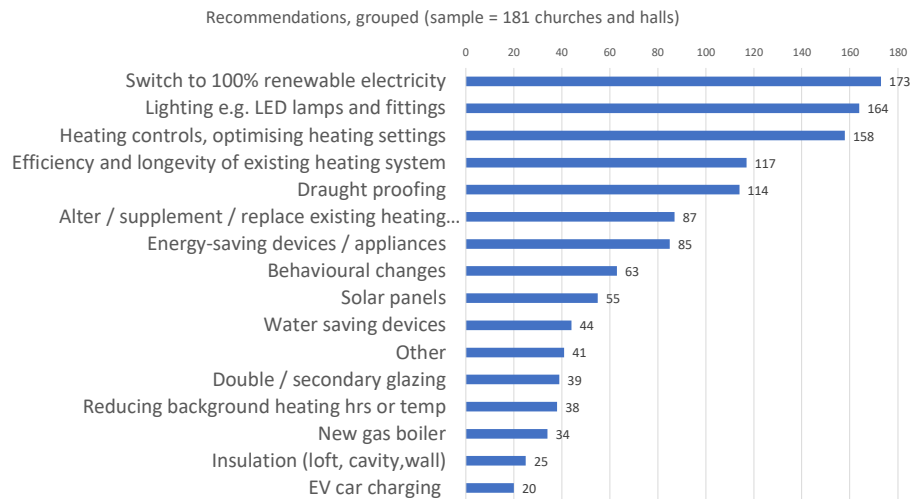
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We know that heating makes up the majority of church energy use



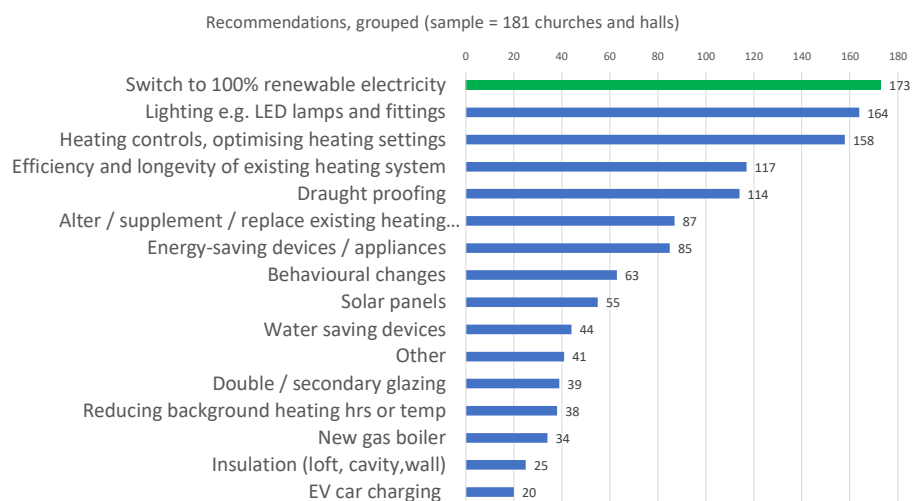
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And the energy audits indicate the most important areas for action.



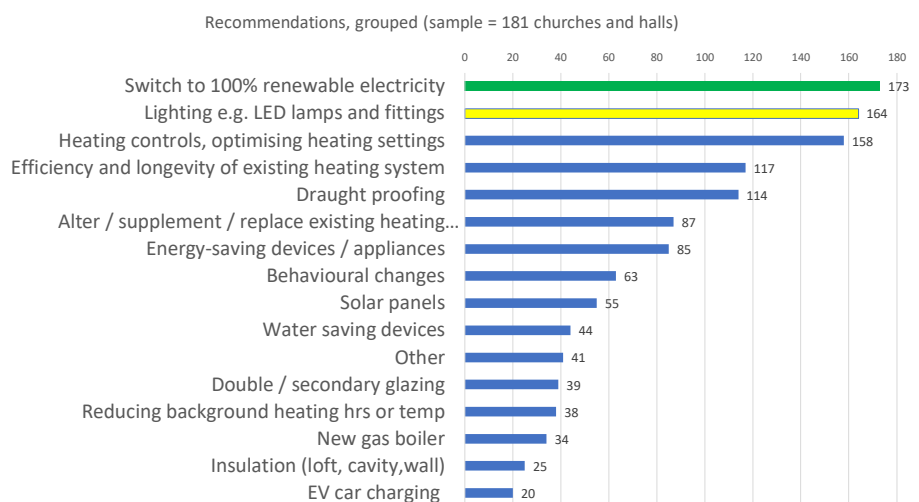
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The easiest win is switching to purchasing 100% renewable electricity.



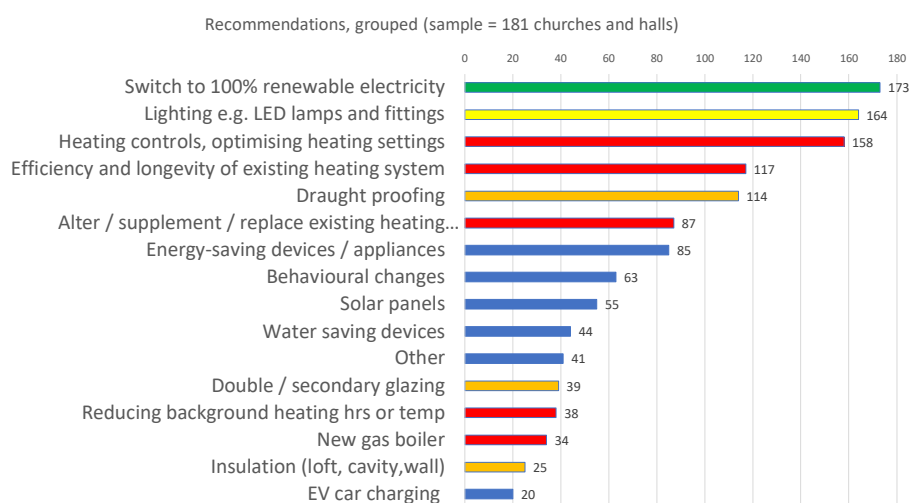
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Energy-efficient lighting is a very common, relatively inexpensive change.




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After this, the majority of recommendations concern **heat loss or heating**.



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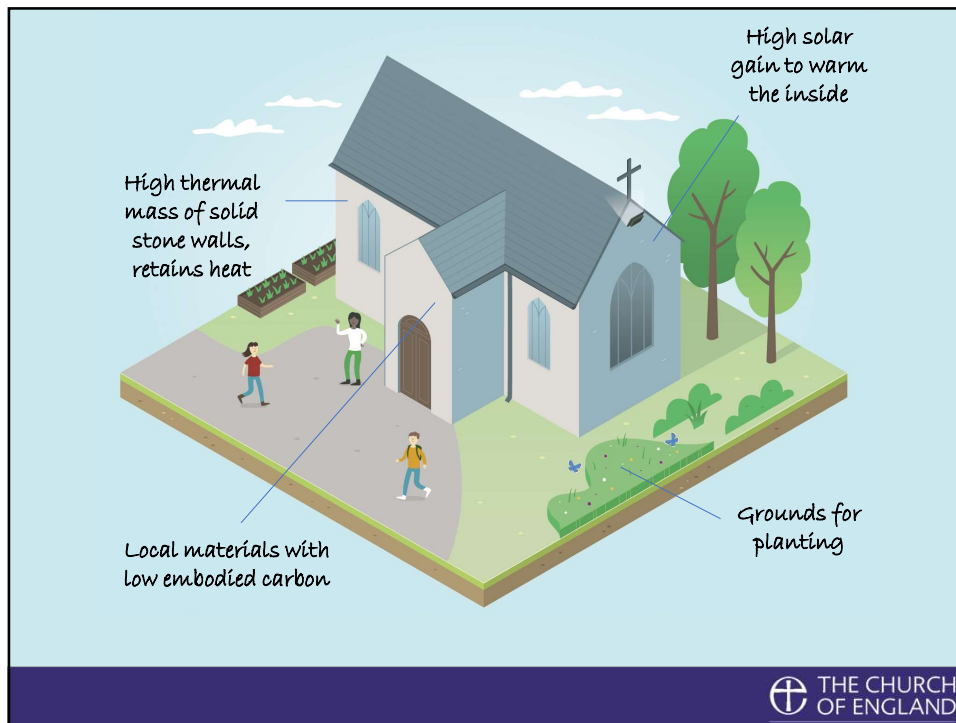
- Why net zero carbon?
- What is net zero anyway?
- Our start point
- A vision of a net zero carbon church
- A practical path to net zero
- A first step: gathering data
- Challenging some myths
- Next steps and questions

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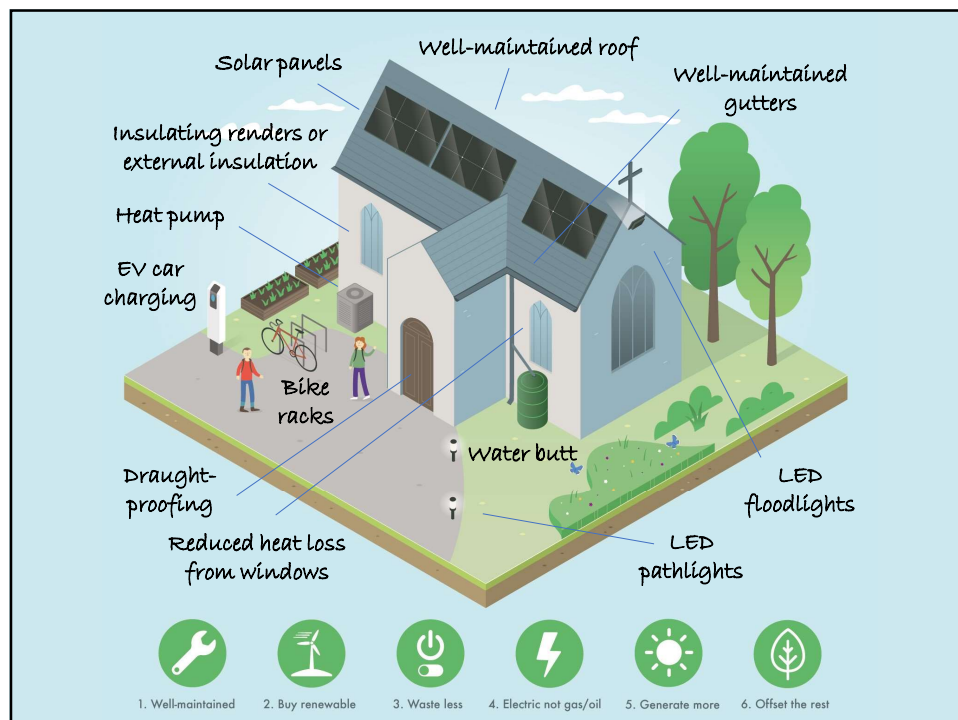
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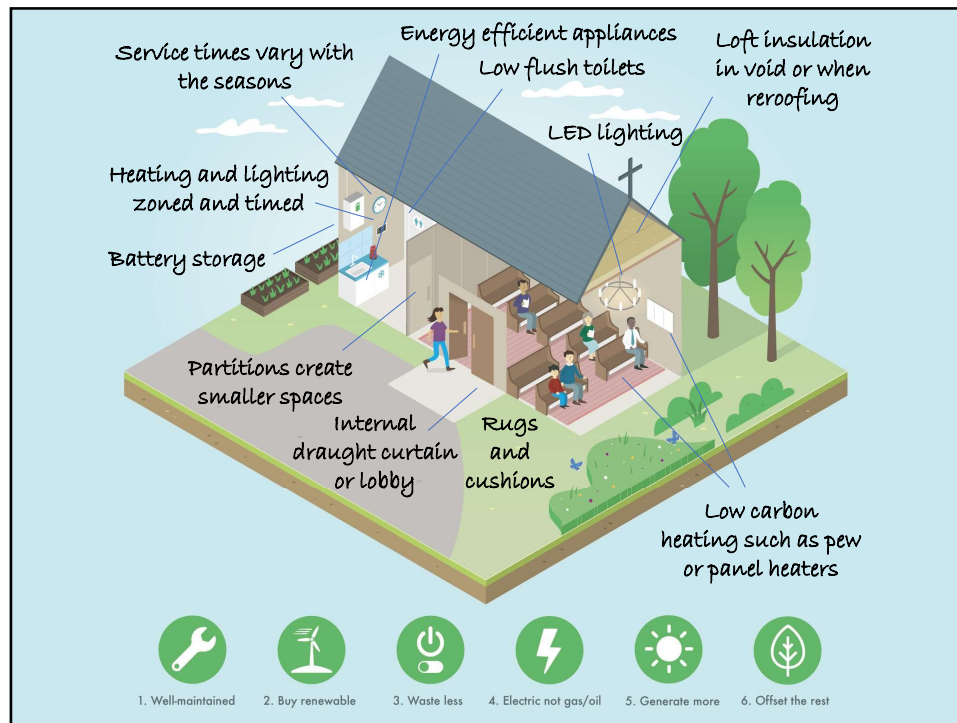
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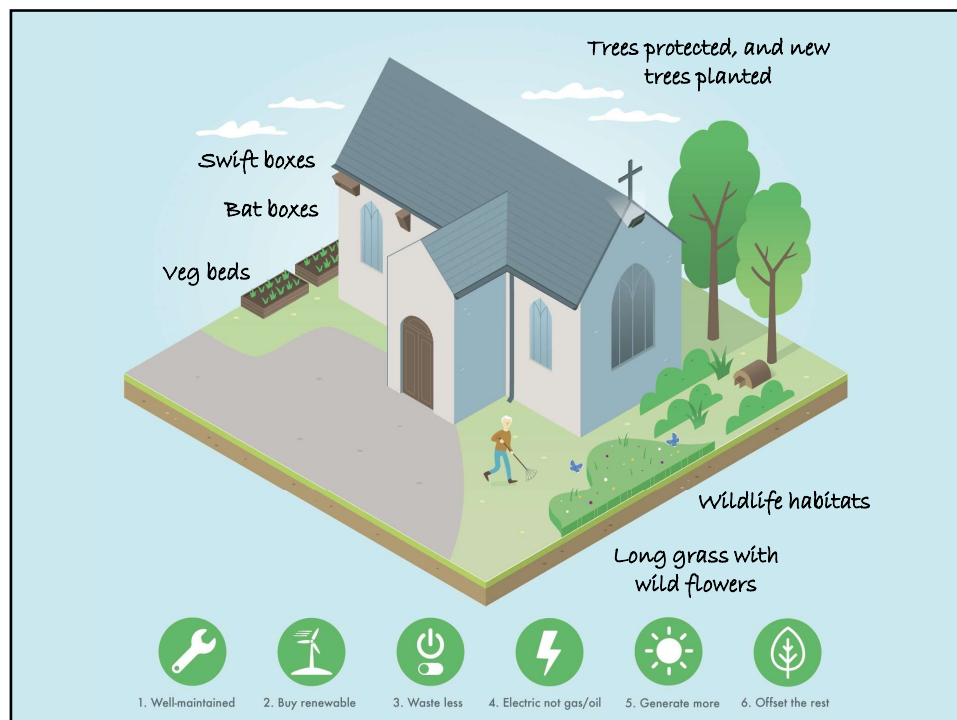
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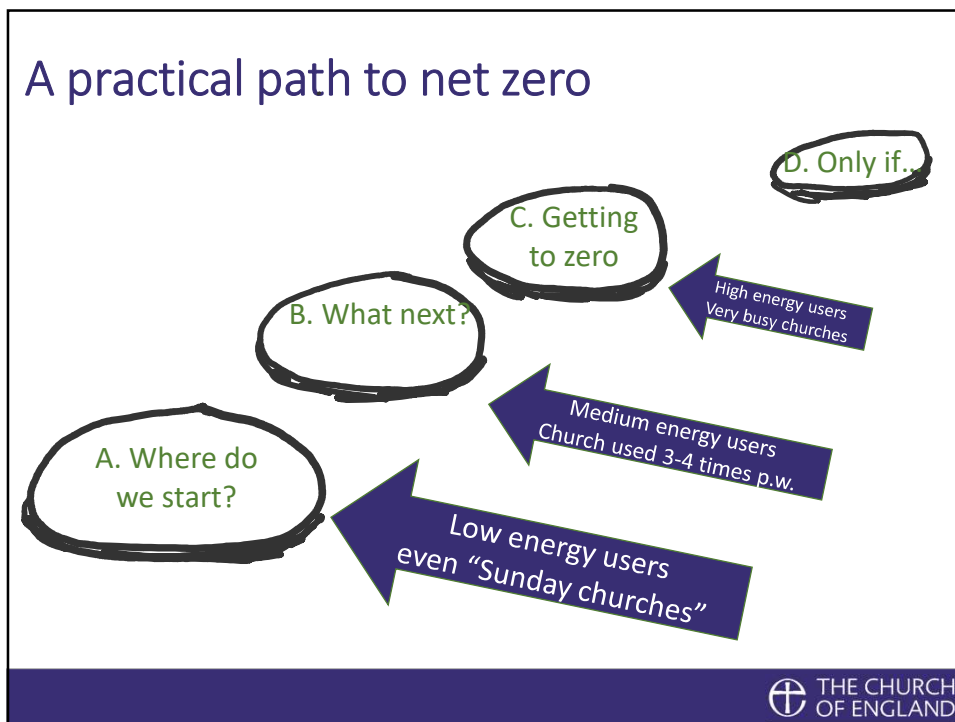
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A: Where do we start?

A. Where do we start?

B. What next?

C. Getting to zero

D. Only if..

- Maintain roof, gutters, broken windows
- Insulate around pipes
- Deal with draughts
- Rugs, floor coverings, cushions
- 100% renewable electricity
- Match heating timings to use
- Get timers and 'smart' controllers
- Add anti-freeze and anti-sludge filter
- Easy LED replacements
- Behaviour changes: e.g. turning off

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Simple steps – that don't cost the earth

Sp1 14.1 °C

Sp2 17.5

Sp2 19.0

Sp1

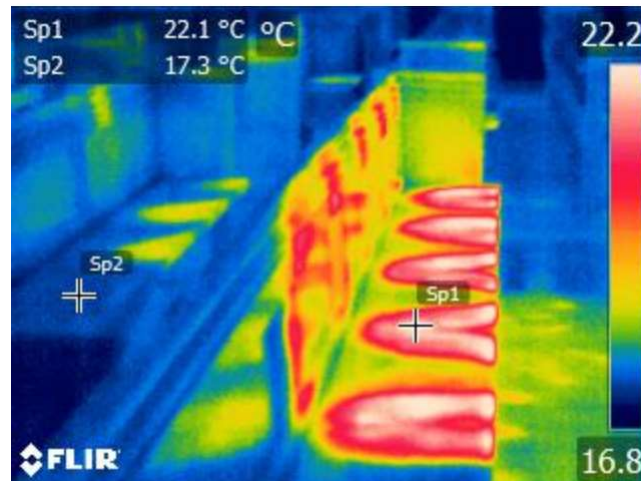
FLIR

14.2

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Simple steps – that don't cost the earth



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Simple steps – that don't cost the earth



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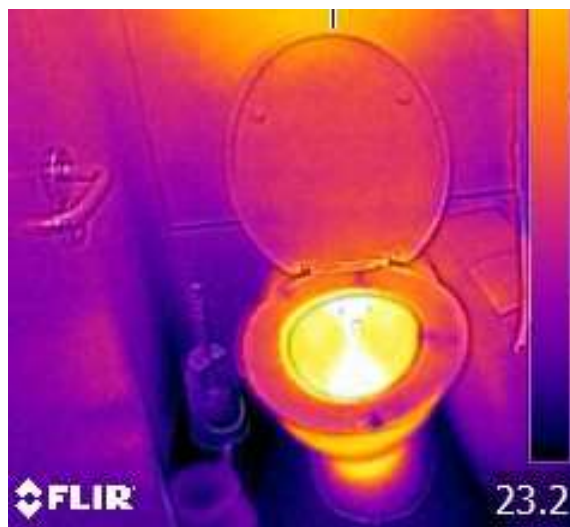
Simple steps – that don't cost the earth



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Simple steps – that don't cost the earth



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B: What next?

A. Where do we start?

B. What next?

C. Getting to zero

D. Only if..

- Insulate easy-to-access lofts
- Partition-off smaller areas
- Install a draught lobby
- Use data loggers & smart meters
- Improve zoning, install TRVs
- Set boiler temps correctly
- Install thermal or motion sensors
- Replace gas/oil space heating with electric pew/panel heaters

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Tackling space heating (if not needed for stabilisation of historic interiors) is critical

FLIR

Sp1 18.3 °C Sp2 23.4

107.9

Sp1

FLIR

13.8

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Instead, we need ways to make people comfortable whilst conserving interiors



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... with solutions such as pew heaters...



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... far infra-red radiant panel heaters ...



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... modern chandelier heaters ...



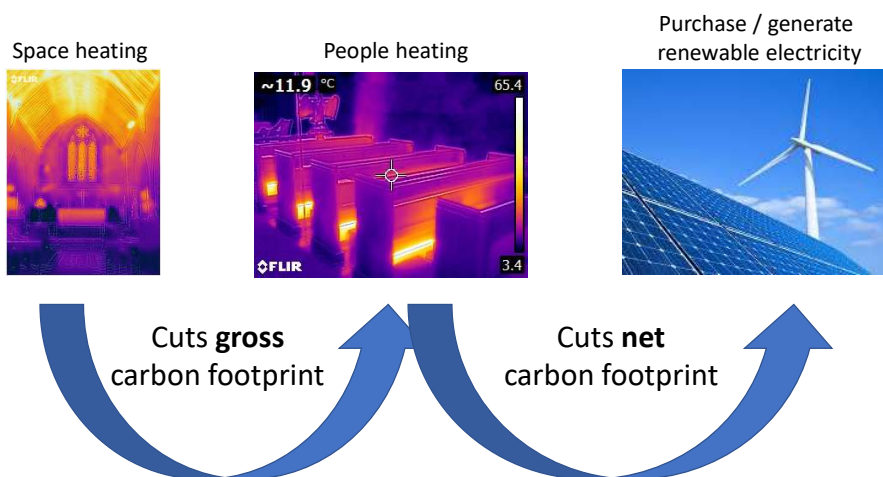
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... and heat pumps.



United Kingdom: St Stephen's, Lympe church

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C: Getting to zero

A. Where do we start?

B. What next?

C. Getting to zero

D. Only if..

- Draught-proofing windows
- Secondary/double glazing suitable windows in busy areas e.g. office/ hall
- Draught-proof the tower ceiling
- Insulate under pew platforms
- Internally insulate suitable areas
- Reinstate ceilings
- Solar PV panels
- New lighting systems

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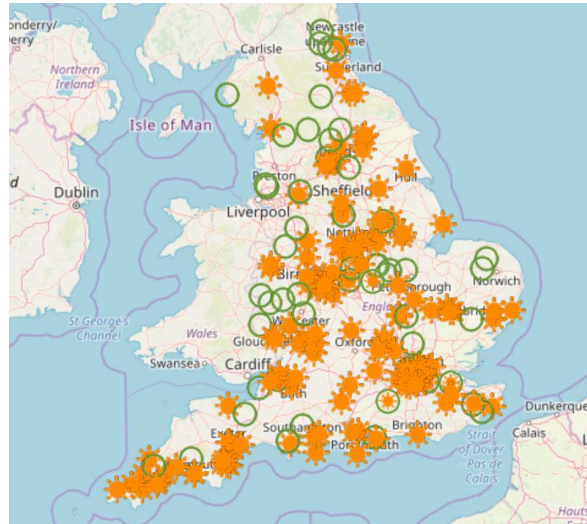
In the right place, renewables can be part of the solution



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And have already been achieved in many locations



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But there is still a perception that it will be very difficult to get permission



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And rules on visibility need to be tested, so the missional impact can be maximised



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D: "Only if..."

A. Where do we start?

B. What next?

C. Getting to zero

D. Only if...

If re-roofing > insulate
If got a cavity > cavity wall insulation
If suitable & v. busy > external renders
If used all week > heat pumps
If used all week & lifting the floor anyway > under floor heating
If nothing else viable > new gas boiler
If lots of car use > EV charging points

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The (very rough) cost of net zero – Step A

Doing **all** the steps in Step A on the path costs c. **£10-15k**.
(But much of this is needed anyway for basic maintenance.)

The average “Sunday church” pays **£2k p.a.** on utility bills.

Doing **all** the steps in Step A achieves a c. **50%** reduction in energy.

They will pay back in **10-15 years**.

The remaining “carbon footprint” for a “Sunday Church” is c. **6 tCO₂e**

At a carbon cost of £20 per tonne, this costs **£120 p.a.** to offset.


So the [very rough] cost of net zero for a “Sunday church” is £10-15k capital and £120 p.a.

The (very rough) cost of net zero : An indicative cost of some bigger projects

Note:

- These prices are for *specific* churches where auditors judge these interventions as cost effective, not an average cost for any church.
- Costs exclude professional advice, planning and scaffolding.

	Capital	% carbon saving
Air source heat pump	£25k	41%
Under pew heating	£12k	47%
Solar panels	£17k	20%
Replace boiler	£11k	13%
Insulate roof	£4k	6%

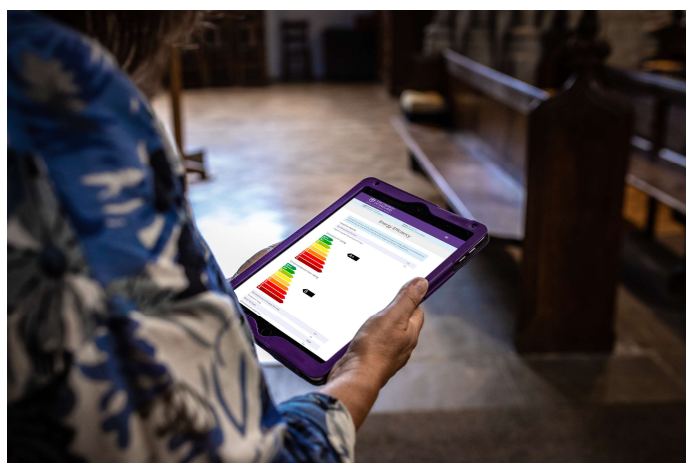


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The Energy Footprint Tool calculates the carbon footprint of your energy use.



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Online Parish Returns System

Enter Your Data View Data Select Church Users Menu Log out

Logged in as: Catherine Ross Diocese: Test Diocese Parish: Guildford 1 (Code: 999910) Church: Guildford 1 (Code: 999928)

Enter Your Data

2019 Return of Parish Finance

0% complete Submitted

Created: 27-01-2020 15:55:27
Last Modified: 27-03-2020 16:18:32

Deadline for submission: 15 June 2020 (No need to wait for APCM)

View Report

2019 Statistics For Mission Return

0% complete Not Submitted

Created: 08-01-2020 17:09:39
Last Modified: 28-01-2020 15:48:16

This form closed for data entry on 16 March 2020

View Report

Energy Footprint Tool 2019

50% complete

Created: 09-03-2020 17:17:06
Last Modified: 14-04-2020 10:53:11

Enter Your Data

View Report / Submit Data

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Online Parish Returns System

Enter Your Data View Data Select Church Users Menu Log out

Logged in as: Catherine Ross Diocese: Test Diocese Parish: Guildford 1 (Code: 999910) Church: Guildford 1 (Code: 999928)

Energy Footprint Results

Carbon Footprint

Gross CO2 emissions (Tonnes)	0.0
Net CO2 emissions (Tonnes)	0.0
Weather-Adjusted CO2 emissions (Tonnes)	0.0

Energy Efficiency

Emissions/m² rating

A++ A+ A B C D E F G

A+

Emissions/person hour rating

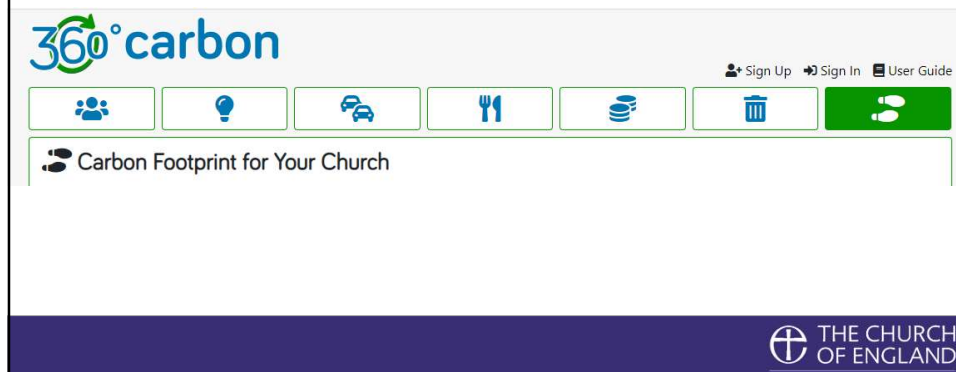
A++ A+ A B C D E F G

E

CO2 emissions per m ²	0.0
Emissions/m ² rating	A+
Person hours/year	5122
CO2 emissions per person hour	0.0
Emissions/person hour rating	E

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360°Carbon goes further, covering the whole carbon footprint, but is more complex to complete.




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Dataloggers are an easy way to understand the heating and humidity of the building




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Next steps – For churches

- Calculate your carbon footprint
- Swap to 100% renewable electricity
- Find the “**Energy Efficiency Measures**” and “**Practical Path to Net Zero**” guidance on our website
- Complete the **Eco Church survey**
- Use these to develop an action plan
- PCC motion: net zero by 2030?


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Next steps – For dioceses

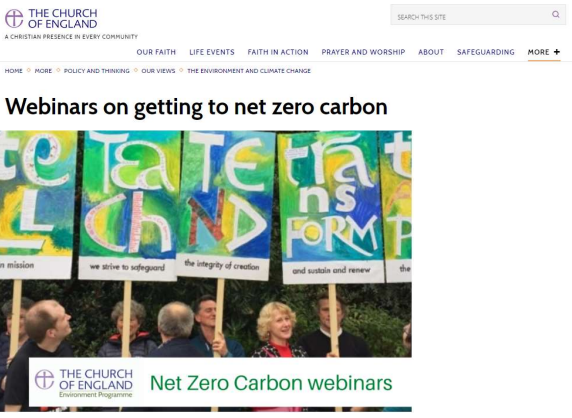
- Encourage update of Energy Footprint Tool
- Encourage switching to 100% renewables
- Find the **“Heating principles”, “Energy Efficiency Measures”** and **“Practical Path to Net Zero”** guidance and communicate it
- Develop a sustainability policy for your DAC (use Gloucester’s as a start point)
- Consider the skills of advisors on the DAC; any gaps around heating & renewables?
- Develop an action plan for the diocese
- Diocesan motion: net zero by 2030?

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And please to come to our webinars



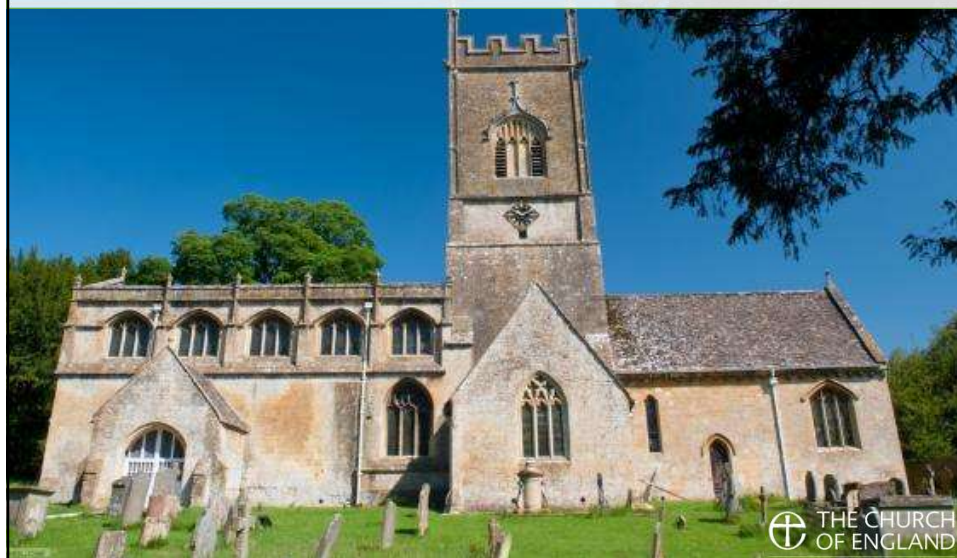
Webinars on getting to net zero carbon

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Questions

Catherine Ross catherine.ross@churchofengland.org



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