

200- No. []

ECCLESIASTICAL LAW, ENGLAND

The Ecclesiastical Offices (Terms of Service) Regulations 200-

Made (sealed by the Archbishops' Council)- [] 200-

Laid before Parliament [] 200-

Coming into force - - []

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In pursuance of section 2 of the Ecclesiastical Offices (Terms of Service) Measure 200-(1), the Archbishops' Council hereby makes the following Regulations:

(1) 200- No.[].

PART I

INTRODUCTORY

Citation and coming into force

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Ecclesiastical Offices (Terms of Service) Regulations 200- and shall come into force on [] 200-.

Interpretation

2.—(1) In these Regulations—

“capability procedures” means the procedures described in regulation 31 below;

“grievance procedures” means the procedures described in regulation 32 below; and

“the Measure” means the Ecclesiastical Offices (Terms of Service) Measure 200-(2)”.

(2) These Regulations apply to all office holders holding office subject to Common Tenure, whenever appointed to their office and the following provisions of these Regulations (except Regulation 33(3) below) shall apply to an office holder who becomes subject to Common Tenure whilst holding his or her office as if he or she had taken up that office on the day on which he or she became subject to Common Tenure.

PART II

PARTICULARS OF OFFICE

Right to statement of particulars of office

Statement of initial particulars of office

3.—(1) An office holder shall be given a written statement of particulars of office by—

(a) an officer of the diocese nominated for that purpose by the bishop or,

(b) in the case of an office holder who is an archbishop or a diocesan bishop, by an officer of the province nominated by the registrar of the province in which the diocese is situated.

(2) The statement may be given in instalments and (whether or not given in instalments) shall be given not later than the relevant date.

(3) The relevant date for the purposes of paragraph (2) above shall be the expiry of the period of one month from the date on which the office holder [took up the office].

(4) The statement shall contain particulars of—

(a) the name of the office holder and the title or description of the officer nominated by the bishop or registrar under paragraph (1) above and the body which is to be treated, for the purpose of these Regulations, as the respondent in any proceedings brought by the office holder before an employment tribunal,

(b) the title of the office to which the office holder has been appointed, and

(c) the date when the appointment took place.

(5) The statement shall also contain particulars, as at a specified date not more than seven days before the statement (or the instalment containing them) is given, of—

(a) whether the office holder is entitled to a stipend and, if so, the amount of the stipend or the method of calculating it,

(b) the person or body responsible for the payment of the stipend,

(2) 200- No.[].

- (c) the intervals at which any stipend is payable (that is, weekly, monthly or other specified intervals),
- (d) whether the office holder is entitled to receive parochial fees and the relationship, if any, of the receipt of such fees to any stipend,
- (e) any terms and conditions relating to the reimbursement of expenses incurred in connection with the exercise of the office,
- (f) whether the office is full-time or part-time and, in the case of part-time posts, and of posts for which special provision has been made for hours of work, any terms and conditions relating to hours of work (including any terms and conditions relating to normal working hours),
- (g) any terms and conditions relating to any of the following—
 - (i) entitlement to rest periods and holidays, including public holidays,
 - (ii) incapacity for work due to sickness or injury, including any provision for sick pay, and
 - (iii) pensions and pensions schemes, including, where the office holder comes within either the Church of England Pensions Scheme or the Church of England Funded Pensions Scheme, or both, a statement to that effect,
- (h) where the office holder is required, for the better performance of his or her duties, to occupy any particular residence, details of the address of the property concerned, the person or body to whom or which it belongs, the terms of occupation and any contents to be provided by the relevant housing provider,
- (i) the length of notice which the office holder is required to give and, if applicable, receive to terminate the appointment, and
- (j) where the appointment is not intended to be permanent, the circumstances in which it may be terminated or, if it is for a fixed term, the date when it is to end.

Statement of initial particulars: supplementary

4.—(1) If, in the case of a statement under regulation 3 above, there are no particulars to be entered under any of the paragraphs of that regulation or any of the heads of any such paragraph, that fact shall be stated.

(2) A statement under regulation 3 above may refer the office holder for particulars of any of the matters mentioned in it to these Regulations, to any Measure or Canon, to other regulations of the General Synod or specified provisions thereof or to the provisions of some other document which is reasonably accessible to the office holder.

(3) A statement shall be given to an office holder even if his or her appointment ends before the end of the period within which the statement is required to be given.

Note about disciplinary, capability and grievance procedures and pensions

5.—(1) A statement under regulation 3 above shall include a note—

- (a) in the case of office holders to whom the provisions of the Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction Measure 1963⁽³⁾ relating to offences or of the Clergy Discipline Measure 2003⁽⁴⁾ relating to misconduct apply specifying those provisions,
- (b) in the case of office holders other than those referred to in paragraph (a) above, specifying any disciplinary rules or procedures applicable to the office held by the office holder, and
- (c) in the case of all office holders, specifying any capability or grievance procedures relating to office holders.

⁽³⁾ 1963 No.1.
⁽⁴⁾ 2003 No.3.

(2) A note included in a statement under paragraph (1) above may comply with that paragraph by referring the office holder to any such laws or documents as are referred to in regulation 4(2) above.

(3) The note shall also state whether there is in force a contracting-out certificate (issued in accordance with Chapter I of Part III of the Pensions Schemes Act 1993⁽⁵⁾) stating that the office held by the office holder is contracted-out employment for the purposes of that Part of that Act).

Statement of changes

6.—(1) If, after the material date, there is a change in any of the matters particulars of which are required by regulations 3 to 5 above to be included or referred to in a statement under regulation 3, the officer nominated by the bishop or registrar under regulation 3(1) shall give to the office holder a written statement containing particulars of the change.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1) above—

- (a) in relation to a matter particulars of which are included or referred to in a statement given under regulation 3 other than in instalments, the material date is the date to which the statement relates,
- (b) in relation to a matter particulars of which are included or referred to in an instalment of a statement given under regulation 3, the material date is the date to which the instalment relates, and
- (c) in relation to any other matter, the material date is the date by which a statement under regulation 3 is required to be given.

(3) A statement under paragraph (1) above shall be given at the earliest opportunity and, in any event, not later than one month after the change in question.

(4) A statement under paragraph (1) may refer the office holder to any such laws or documents as are referred to in regulation 4(2) above.

Reasonably accessible document

7. In regulation 4 above the reference to a document which is reasonably accessible to an office holder is a reference to a document which—

- (a) the office holder has reasonable opportunities of reading in the course of the exercise of his or her office, or
- (b) where details of a website have been provided to the office holder, the office holder can gain access to without incurring unreasonable expense, or
- (c) is made reasonably accessible to the office holder in some other way.

Right to itemised statement of stipend

8.—(1) An office holder to whom a stipend is payable has the right to receive from the person or body who or which is responsible for the payment of the stipend, at or before the time at which any payment of stipend is made to him or her, a written itemised statement of stipend.

(2) The statement shall contain particulars of—

- (a) the gross amount of the stipend,
- (b) the amounts of any deductions from that gross amount and the purposes for which they are made, and
- (c) the net amount of stipend payable.

(5) 1993 c. 48.

References to employment tribunals

9.—(1) Where the officer nominated under regulation 3 above does not give an office holder a statement as required by regulation 3 or 6 or where the office holder is not given a statement as required by regulation 8 (either because the person or body concerned gives no statement or because the statement which is given does not comply with what is required), the office holder may require a reference to be made to an employment tribunal to determine what particulars ought to have been included or referred to in a statement so as to comply with the requirements of the provision concerned.

(2) Where—

- (a) a statement purporting to be a statement under regulation 3 or 6 above, or a statement of stipend purporting to comply with regulation 8, has been given to an office holder, and
- (b) a question arises as to the particulars which ought to have been included or referred to in the statement so as to comply with the requirements of this Part of these Regulations,

either the person or body concerned or the office holder may require the question to be referred to and determined by an employment tribunal.

(3) For the purposes of this paragraph—

- (a) a question as to the particulars which ought to have been included in the note required by regulation 5 above to be included in the statement under regulation 3 does not include any question whether the office is, has been or will be treated as contracted-out employment (for the purposes of Part III of the Pensions Schemes Act 1993⁽⁶⁾), and
- (b) a question as to the particulars which ought to have been included in a statement of stipend does not include a question solely as to the accuracy of an amount stated in any such particulars.

(4) An employment tribunal shall not consider a reference under this section in a case where the appointment to which the reference relates has ended unless an application requiring the reference to be made was made—

- (a) before the end of the period of three months beginning with the date on which the appointment ended, or
- (b) within such period as the tribunal considers reasonable in a case where it is satisfied that it was not reasonably practicable for the application to be made before the end of that period of three months.

Determination of references

10.—(1) Where, on a reference under regulation 9 above, an employment tribunal determines particulars as being those which ought to have been included or referred to in a statement given under regulation 3 or 6 above, the officer nominated under regulation 3 shall be deemed to have given the office holder a statement in which those particulars were included, or referred to, as specified in the decision of the tribunal.

(2) On determining a reference under regulation 9(2) above relating to a statement purporting to be a statement under regulation 3 or 6, an employment tribunal may—

- (a) confirm the particulars as included or referred to in the statement given by the person nominated under regulation 3,
- (b) amend those particulars, or
- (c) substitute other particulars for them,

as the tribunal may determine to be appropriate; and the statement shall be deemed to have been given by that person to the office holder in accordance with the decision of the tribunal.

⁽⁶⁾ 1993 c. 48.

- (3) Where on a reference under regulation 9 above an employment tribunal finds—
- (a) that the person or body responsible has failed to give an office holder a statement of stipend in accordance with regulation 8, or
 - (b) that a statement of stipend does not, in relation to any deduction, contain the particulars required to be included in that statement by that regulation,

the tribunal shall make a declaration to that effect.

(4) Where on a reference in a case to which paragraph (3) above applies the tribunal further finds that any un-notified deductions have been made from the stipend of the office holder during the period of thirteen weeks immediately preceding the date of the application for the reference (whether or not the deductions were made in breach of the terms and conditions of the appointment), the tribunal may order the person or body who or which is responsible for the payment of the stipend to pay the office holder a sum not exceeding the aggregate of the un-notified deductions so made.

(5) For the purposes of paragraph (4) above a deduction is an un-notified deduction if it is made without the person or body concerned giving the office holder, in any statement of stipend, the particulars of the deduction required by regulation 8.

PART III

RIGHT TO STIPEND AND PROVISION OF ACCOMMODATION

Entitlement to Stipend

Entitlement to stipend of full-time office holders

11.—(1) An office holder who is occupying a full-time stipendiary post which is stated to be such in his or her terms of appointment shall be entitled to receive an annual stipend of an amount—

- (a) which is not less than the National Minimum Stipend, or
- (b) which, together with any income received by the office holder from other sources which is related to or derived from the duties of the office, is not less than the National Minimum Stipend.

(2) In sub-paragraph (1) above “National Minimum Stipend” means the amount specified from time to time by the Archbishops’ Council, in exercise of its functions as the Central Stipends Authority, as the National Minimum Stipend, and the circumstances in which income is treated, for the purposes of paragraph (1)(b) above, as to be taken into account for the purpose of calculating an office holder’s entitlement, shall be specified from time to time by the Council in the exercise of those functions.

(3) Any directions given by a bishop of a diocese under section 5(2) of the Diocesan Stipend Funds Measure 1953(7) with respect to providing or augmenting the stipends of the office holders mentioned in that section shall be consistent with the provisions of this regulation.

Provision of accommodation

Duties of relevant housing provider

12.—(1) The relevant housing provider which provides a house of residence or other accommodation under section 4 or 6 of the Measure shall be under a duty—

- (a) to keep the property in repair;

(7) 1 & 2 Eliz.2 No.2.

- (b) to arrange for a qualified surveyor (within the meaning of paragraph 3 of Schedule 1 to the Measure) to inspect the property at least every five years and, in the case of a new building, as soon as possible after the building is provided, and for a report to be submitted to the housing provider describing the state and condition of the property, including the state and condition of the interior, and the grounds and of any contents of the property provided by the housing provider;
 - (c) to send a copy of the surveyor’s report to the office holder and, after consulting the office holder, to carry out any repairs recommended in the report which appear to the housing provider to be appropriate within a reasonable time;
 - (d) to pay the Council Tax, and any other recurring charges payable in respect of the property;
 - (e) to insure the property against all such risks as are included in the usual form of house owner’s policy relating to buildings.
- (2) In this regulation “repairs” means such works of repair and replacement as are needed—
- (a) to keep in repair the structure and exterior of the buildings of the property, including doors, windows, drains, gutters and external pipes; and
 - (b) to keep in repair all walls, fences, gates, drives and drains of the property, other than those which some person other than the office holder is wholly liable to repair;
 - (c) to keep in repair and proper working order—
 - (i) the installations in the property for the supply of water, gas and electricity, and for sanitation, including basins, sinks, baths and sanitary conveniences, and
 - (ii) the installations in the property for space heating or heating water, and
 - (iii) any fixtures, fittings and appliances in the property (other than those mentioned in the preceding sub-paragraphs),

and includes works of interior decoration necessitated in consequence of such works as aforesaid.

(3) In determining for the purposes of this regulation the standard of repair appropriate to any building regard shall be had to the age, character and prospective life of the building, and, in particular, in the case of a building included in a list under section 1 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act 1990⁽⁸⁾ or a building in a conservation area, the special architectural or historic interest of the building.

(4) In this regulation and regulations 13, 14 and 15 below “property” includes any land or other buildings which forms or form part of or is or are ancillary to the house of residence or other accommodation.

Rights of entry

13. The relevant housing provider or its officers or agents may enter any property which is provided as a house of residence or other accommodation under section 4 or 6 of the Measure on first giving, except in an emergency, reasonable notice to the office holder, to inspect or carry out repairs to the property or to inspect, repair, replace or remove any contents of the property provided by the housing provider or for such other reasonable purpose as is consistent with the powers and obligations of the provider.

Duties of office holder

14.—(1) An office holder who is in occupation of a house of residence or other accommodation provided under section 4 or 6 of the Measure shall be under a duty—

- (a) to permit the relevant housing provider or its officers or agents to enter the property in exercise of the provider’s rights under regulation 13 above;

⁽⁸⁾ 1990 c.9.

- (b) to use all reasonable endeavours to keep the property and any contents of the property provided by the relevant house provider, clean and free from deterioration, with the exception of fair wear and tear, and to keep any garden or other grounds belonging to the property in a reasonable state of upkeep;
- (c) to notify the relevant housing provider of any works of repair that may from time to time be needed to the property as soon as reasonably practicable after the office holder becomes aware of them;
- (d) if required to do so by the relevant housing provider, to the extent that it is not recoverable under any insurance policy, to pay the whole or part of the reasonable cost of any repairs to the property which a report of a qualified surveyor as mentioned in Regulation 12(1)(b) above authorised by the relevant housing provider specifies to be necessary as the result of damage caused or aggravated by the deliberate act of the office holder or a member of the office holder's household residing with him or her or by a breach of the office holder's obligations under this regulation;
- (e) not to use the property except as a private residence for the office holder and his or her household and for such other purposes as may be agreed by the relevant housing provider, which agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld;
- (f) not to make any repairs, alterations or additions to the property without the consent of the relevant housing provider;
- (g) where the property is held on a lease, to observe any term, condition or covenant binding the tenant under the lease and, in any case, to indemnify the relevant housing provider in respect of any breach by the office holder or by any member of the office holder's household living in the property of any term, condition or covenant binding on the occupier; and
- (h) to vacate the property within the period of one month from the date on which the office holder ceases to hold the office or on which he or she takes up a new office, whichever is sooner or within such longer period as the relevant housing provider may allow and to leave the property clean and tidy and clear of all personal possessions belonging to the office holder or any members of his or her household residing in the property.

(2) If an office holder dies whilst occupying the property any member of his or her household living in the property at that time may remain in occupation for the period of three months from the date of the office holder's death or such longer period as the relevant housing provider may allow and any such person shall, for the duration of his or her occupation, be subject to the same obligations, so far as relevant, under this regulation as is the office holder.

(3) The office holder shall keep the relevant housing provider informed of matters arising from any notice given to him or her by a Government department, local or other public authority, public utility undertaker or, in the case of property held on a lease or tenancy, the landlord of the property; and the relevant housing provider shall, unless it agrees otherwise with the office holder, advise on or undertake negotiations in respect of any such matters.

Disputes and variation of terms

15.—(1) If there is any dispute about the performance of the respective obligations of the relevant housing provider and the office holder under regulations 12 to 14 above which cannot be resolved by the grievance procedures, it shall be referred for arbitration by a single arbiter appointed by agreement between the relevant housing provider and the office holder or, failing agreement, by the President of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and the decision of any arbiter so appointed shall be final.

(2) The terms of occupation of the property by the office holder may, subject to regulations 12 to 14 above, be varied by agreement between the relevant housing provider and the office holder and, where appropriate, the statement of particulars of office shall be amended to reflect any such variation.

Regulated transactions

Rights to object to regulated transactions

16.—(1) Where under section 9 of the Measure a relevant housing provider has served notice on an office holder or other person or body of a regulated transaction any person or body on whom or which notice is served may object to the transaction by giving notice to the relevant housing provider, stating the grounds of the objection, within the period of twenty eight days beginning on the next working day after the date of the relevant authority's notice.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3) below, within the period of five days of the receipt of any notice of objection given under paragraph (1) above, the relevant housing provider shall send it for consideration—

- (a) where the authority is the Commissioners or where the consent of the Commissioners is required to the transaction, to the Archbishops' Council,
- (b) in any other case, to the Commissioners.

(3) If the relevant housing provider considers that the objection is well founded, it need not refer it under paragraph (2) above and shall—

- (a) notify the person or body which served the notice accordingly; and
- (b) either discontinue any action with respect to the regulated transaction or consider whether to proceed with a different regulated transaction.

(4) The Archbishops' Council or the Commissioners, as the case may be, shall, after considering the grounds of objection and all relevant circumstances, direct that the transaction shall proceed if the relevant housing provider satisfies it or them that any objection should not be upheld and, in any other case, direct that the transaction shall not proceed.

(5) Without prejudice to their powers to appoint committees, the Archbishops' Council may delegate the consideration of any objections to a committee appointed by the Council for the purposes of this regulation and the Commissioners may delegate the consideration of objections to any committee of the Commissioners established by or appointed under the Church Commissioners Measure 1947⁽⁹⁾.

(6) If the relevant housing provider is satisfied that the issue of any notice under section 9 of the Measure should be dispensed with owing to the urgency of a proposed regulated transaction, or if the Archbishops' Council or the Commissioners are satisfied that, owing to the urgency of the transaction, objections should not be considered the Council or the Commissioners, as the case may be, may direct that the transaction shall proceed without issuing the notice or consideration of any objections, as the case may be, provided that every person or body on whom notice of the transaction has been served (or is required to be served, as the case may be) agrees.

(7) Paragraph (5) above applies to the consideration of the matters referred to in paragraph (6) above as it applies to the consideration of objections.

Service of notices

Service of notice

17.—(1) Any notice required or authorised by the Measure or these regulations to be served on, sent or given to a person may be served, sent or given by delivering it to that person, or by leaving it at that person's proper address, or by sending it by post or by facsimile transmission or electronic mail.

(2) The proper address for the purpose of paragraph (1) above shall be that person's last known address, except that—

⁽⁹⁾ 10 & 11 Geo. 6 No.2.

- (a) in the case of a secretary or clerk of a corporation, it shall be the registered or principal office of the corporation;
- (b) in the case of a parochial church council, it shall be the address of the secretary or acting secretary or, in the absence of such a person, the address of such other person as may be deemed by the person serving the notice to be appropriate.

(3) In any case where the bishop is himself the registered patron of a benefice in right of his see (either solely or alternately with others), it shall not be necessary to give to the bishop in his capacity of registered patron any notice which is required to be given to the registered patron.

PART IV

MINISTERIAL DEVELOPMENT REVIEW, EDUCATION AND TRAINING

Ministerial development review and continuing ministerial education

Ministerial development review

18.—(1) Every diocesan bishop shall ensure that arrangements are made for a person nominated by him to conduct with each office holder in that diocese a review of his or her ministry to be known as a “ministerial development review” on at least one occasion in each period of two calendar years.

(2) The archbishop of each province shall arrange for every diocesan bishop in the province to undertake a ministerial development review on at least one occasion in each period of two calendar years.

(3) It shall be the duty of each office holder to co-operate in any ministerial development review undertaken under this regulation.

(4) The bishop or, as the case may be, the archbishop, shall have regard, in carrying out his functions under paragraphs (1) and (2) above, to any guidance issued by the Archbishops’ Council.

(5) The bishop or, as the case may be, the archbishop, shall keep a written record of the outcome of any ministerial development review and of any relevant matters relating to such a review, which shall be signed by the office holder and the person conducting the review.

(6) Each archbishop shall make such arrangements as he thinks appropriate for his ministerial development review.

Continuing ministerial education

19.—(1) Each office holder (other than an archbishop) shall be under a duty to participate in arrangements approved by the bishop or, in the case of a diocesan bishop, by the archbishop of the province concerned, for the continuing ministerial education of that office holder.

(2) The bishop or, as the case may be, the archbishop, shall have regard, in carrying out his functions under paragraph (1) above of approving the arrangements referred to therein, to any guidance issued by the Archbishops’ Council.

(3) Each archbishop shall make such arrangements as he thinks appropriate for his continuing ministerial education.

(4) Any bishop of a diocese shall be under a duty to use all reasonable endeavours to ensure that every office holder in the diocese is afforded opportunities to participate in such education or training as is appropriate to promote that office holder’s ministerial development.

Training

Training of certain office holders

20.—(1) Every bishop of a diocese in which an office holder holds an office designated under Regulation 29(1)(c) below as a training post shall make arrangements so as to ensure that any such officer holder is provided with suitable training and afforded such time off work as is necessary to undertake it.

(2) An office holder who holds an office referred to in paragraph (1) above shall be under a duty to use all reasonable endeavours to participate in and complete any training which is required to be provided to him or her under that paragraph.

PART V

TIME OFF WORK, TIME SPENT ON OTHER DUTIES AND SICKNESS

Time off and annual leave

Weekly rest period

21. An office holder shall be entitled to an uninterrupted rest period of not less than 24 hours in any period of seven days, but the statement of particulars of office issued under regulation 3 above may specify that any rest period may not be taken on or include a Sunday or any or all of the principal Feasts of the Church of England or Ash Wednesday or Good Friday.

Annual leave

22.—(1) An office holder occupying a full-time post shall be entitled to thirty-six days annual leave or such greater amount as may be specified in the statement of particulars of office in any calendar year without any deduction of any stipend to which the office holder is entitled, but the statement of particulars may specify particular days on which annual leave shall or may not be taken and may, in particular, state that annual leave may not be taken on or include such number of Sundays as may be specified.

(2) During the first calendar year of the appointment, the amount of leave which an office holder may take at any time in exercise of the entitlement under paragraph (2) above is limited to the amount which is deemed to have accrued in his or her case at that time under paragraph (3) below, as modified by paragraph (4) where that paragraph applies, less the amount of leave (if any) that he or she has already taken during that year.

(3) For the purposes of paragraph (2) above leave is deemed to accrue over the course of the first year of the appointment at a rate which is proportionate to the proportion of the calendar year remaining after the date on which the appointment begins.

(4) Where the amount of leave that has accrued in a particular case includes a fraction of a day the fraction shall be treated as a whole day.

(5) For the purposes of paragraph (1) above, the amount of leave allowed by that paragraph shall exclude any period of special leave allowed by the bishop (or in the case of an office holder who is a diocesan bishop, the archbishop of the province in which the diocese is situated), including any such leave granted for the purposes of removal and re-settlement.

(6) Paragraphs (3) and (4) above shall apply during the final calendar year of the appointment as it applies during the first such year.

Entitlement to maternity, paternity, parental and adoption leave

23.—(1) An office holder shall be entitled to maternity, paternity, parental and adoption leave and time off work to care for dependants in accordance with directions given by the Archbishops' Council, in the exercise of its functions as the Central Stipends Authority, and any directions given by the Council under this paragraph may—

- (a) provide for the payment of his or her stipend during any such periods of leave,
- (b) impose conditions on any such entitlement, and
- (c) impose requirements as to the procedures for applying for any such entitlement.

(2) In giving any directions under paragraph (1) above the Council shall have regard to the corresponding rights given to employees under Part VIII of the Employment Rights Act 1996(10).

Right to time spent on public duties

24.—(1) An office holder may, subject to paragraph (2) below, spend time on public duties other than the duties of his or her office.

(2) The amount of time which an office holder may spend on public duties under this regulation, the occasions on which and any conditions subject to which the time may be spent, are those that are reasonable in all the circumstances having regard, in particular to—

- (a) how much time is required for the performance of the particular public duty;
- (b) how much time has already been spent on public duties under this regulation; and
- (c) the nature of the office and its duties and the effect of the absence of the office holder on the performance of the duties of the office.

(3) In the event of any dispute as to whether any time spent on public duties is reasonable for the purposes of this regulation, the matter shall be determined by the bishop or, in the case of an office holder who is a diocesan bishop, the archbishop of the province in which the diocese is situated.

(4) In this regulation “public duties” means—

- (a) any work done for a public authority, including membership of a court or tribunal, or for a charity, and
- (b) any work done in connection with the activities of an independent trade union representing office holders of a description which includes the person in question.

Right to time off for ante-natal care

25.—(1) An office holder who—

- (a) is pregnant, and
- (b) has, on the advice of a registered medical practitioner, registered midwife or registered health visitor, made an appointment to attend at any place for the purpose of receiving ante-natal care,

is entitled to take time off during her working hours in order to enable her to keep the appointment.

(2) As soon as is reasonably practicable after the office holder's pregnancy is confirmed, she shall notify the officer of the diocese nominated under regulation 3(1)(a) above.

(10) 1996 c.18.

Payment of stipend during time off or time spent on public duties

26. An office holder who takes any time off or spends time on public duties to which he or she is entitled under regulations 23 to 25 above and who is, under the terms of his or her service, entitled to the payment of a stipend, shall not suffer any reduction in his or her stipend during the time off or time spent on public duties, as the case may be.

Sickness

Sickness

27.—(1) If an office holder who is in receipt of a stipend is unable to perform the duties of his or her office because of illness for a period of one working day or longer he or she must report the absence in writing to the person nominated for the purposes of regulation 3 above, who shall send a copy thereof to the Commissioners.

(2) If an office holder is absent from work because of illness for a continuous period of more than seven days he or she must supply the person nominated as aforesaid with a certificate signed by a qualified medical practitioner and that person shall send a copy of the certificate to the Commissioners.

(3) An office holder who is absent from work must use all reasonable endeavours to make arrangements for the duties of the office to be performed by another person during the absence.

(4) If an office holder is entitled to receive statutory sick pay under Part XI of the Social Security and Contributions and Benefits Act 1992⁽¹¹⁾ for any period of absence from work, the office holder shall be entitled to receive during that period any stipend which is payable in respect of the office in full.

(5) The diocesan bishop or, in the case of an office holder who is a diocesan bishop, the archbishop of the province in which the diocese is situated, may, if he is satisfied that the office holder is, by reason of illness, unable adequately to discharge the duties of his office, permit the office holder to be absent from work for such period as he thinks appropriate and may make provision for the discharge of those duties during the period of absence of the office holder.

(6) If an office holder is absent from work for illness for any period after the date on which he or she is entitled to receive statutory sick pay under the said Part XI, any stipend shall only be payable in accordance with directions made from time to time by the Archbishops' Council in the exercise of its functions as the Central Stipends Authority.

Medical examination

28.—(1) The diocesan bishop or, in the case of an office holder who is a diocesan bishop, the archbishop of the province in which the diocese is situated may, if he has reasonable grounds for concern about the physical or medical health of an office holder, direct that the office holder shall undergo a medical examination by a medical practitioner selected by agreement between the bishop (or archbishop) and the office holder or, in default of agreement, by medical practitioners consisting of a practitioner chosen by each party.

(2) If an office holder fails to comply with a direction given under paragraph (1) above, any person or body responsible for operating any capability procedures in respect of the office holder may draw such inferences as appear to that person or body to be appropriate having regard to all the circumstances.

(11) 1992 c.4.

PART VI
DURATION AND TERMINATION OF APPOINTMENTS AND
COMPENSATION

Limited appointments and termination of appointments

Fixed and other limited term appointments

29.—(1) A person who holds or is to hold office under Common Tenure may be appointed for a fixed term or under terms which provide for the appointment to be terminated on the occurrence of a specified event if—

- (a) the office holder occupies a post which is designated as a post created in order to cover an office holder's authorised absence from work,
- (b) the office holder has attained the age of seventy years and is occupying a part-time post under a licence granted by the bishop,
- (c) the office is designated as a training post, or
- (d) the office is designated as a post subject to sponsorship funding; or
- (e) the office is designated as a probationary office; or
- (f) the office is created by a bishop's mission order made under section 47 or 50 of the Dioceses, Pastoral and Mission Measure 200-(**12**).

(2) Where a person holds office in any circumstances mentioned in paragraph (1) above the statement of particulars of office required to be given to the office holder under regulation 3 above shall, in addition, contain particulars of any relevant term mentioned in that paragraph.

(3) An office may be designated as a training post if the office holder is required by the diocesan bishop to undertake initial ministerial education.

(4) An office may be designated as a post subject to sponsorship funding if—

- (a) the holder of the post is a person referred to in section 1(1)(h) or (i) of the Measure (other than a vicar in a team ministry), and
- (b) any part of the cost of the holder's stipend or other remuneration, pension, housing accommodation or other expenses is defrayed by a person or body other than a diocesan board of finance, parsonages board, parochial church council or the Commissioners.

(5) An office may be designated as a probationary office if, on the date of the appointment of the office holder to the office, the office holder has not held any ecclesiastical office in any place during the period of twelve months immediately preceding that date.

(6) An office may be designated as a probationary office if the officer holder has been the subject of the capability procedures and the panel which adjudicated on the matter has recommended that any subsequent office occupied by the office holder should be an office other than that held by the office holder at that time.

(7) An office may be designated as a probationary office if—

- (a) the office holder has been the subject of a complaint under the Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction Measure 1963(**13**) and has had a censure of prohibition, inhibition or suspension imposed on him or her or he or she has resigned, or
- (b) the office holder has been the subject of a complaint under the Clergy Discipline Measure 2003(**14**) and he or she has had imposed on him or her a penalty of removal from office, prohibition for life or for a limited term or revocation of his or her licence or he or she has resigned,

(**12**)200- No.[].
(**13**)1963 No.1.
(**14**)2003 No.3.

and appointment to the office is made on the recommendation of the bishop of the diocese with a view to facilitating his or her return to the ministry.

(8) The term of office of any office holder appointed for a fixed term or on the occurrence of a specified event shall terminate on the expiry of the fixed term (unless that term is extended for a further period or periods).

Compensation for loss of certain offices

Post subject to potential pastoral reorganisation

30.—(1) Where—

- (a) an office holder is appointed to hold office as an archdeacon, incumbent, priest in charge or vicar in a team ministry or a deacon in a team ministry to which section 20(3A) of the Pastoral Measure 1983⁽¹⁵⁾ applies; and
- (b) at the time when the appointment is made, the mission and pastoral committee of the diocese in which the office is situated has invited the views of the interested parties before submitting proposals to the bishop of the diocese in accordance with section 3 of that Measure for inclusion in a draft pastoral scheme or order which might affect the office,

the diocesan bishop may designate the office as an office which is subject to potential pastoral reorganisation and the statement of particulars required to be given to the office holder under regulation 3 above shall contain a declaration of that designation.

(2) If an office designated under paragraph (1) above ceases to exist in consequence of a pastoral scheme or order the office holder shall, provided that he is in receipt of a stipend or other emoluments, be entitled to compensation calculated in accordance with Schedule 4 to the Pastoral Measure 1983, except that any periodical payments or lump sum payable under paragraph 7(1) of that Schedule shall be based on the loss of one year's service in his or her post and paragraph 13(1)(b) and (c), all the words following sub-paragraph (c) and sub-paragraphs (2) to (6) of that paragraph shall not apply.

(3) If, following the designation of an office under paragraph (1) above, no pastoral scheme or order is made affecting the office within the period of three years immediately following the appointment of the office holder, the diocesan bishop shall notify the office holder that the office is no longer designated under that paragraph.

(4) Where notification is given to the office holder under paragraph (3) above, section 26 of and Schedule 4 to the Pastoral Measure 1983 shall apply to the office holder instead of paragraph (2) above.

(5) Paragraph (2) above shall also apply to any other office holder whose office ceases to exist in consequence of a pastoral scheme or order and who is not otherwise entitled to compensation under section 26 of and Schedule 4 to the Pastoral Measure 1983.

PART VII

CAPABILITY AND GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES

Capability procedures

Archbishops' Council to issue directions concerning capability procedures

31.—(1) The Archbishops' Council shall from time to time issue directions containing procedures for enabling the capability of an office holder to perform the duties of his or her office to be assessed in such circumstances as may be specified in the directions.

⁽¹⁵⁾ 1983 No.1.

(2) Any directions issued under paragraph (1) above shall make provision for informing the officer holder in writing of—

- (a) any matters relating to the office holder's performance which are to be taken into account in assessing his or her performance;
- (b) the procedure which is to be followed in assessing his or her performance, which shall include the opportunity of a meeting between the office holder and the person or authority which is to carry out the procedure and the appointment of a panel to adjudicate on issues concerning the officer holder's capability;
- (c) the identity of the person or authority which is to carry out the procedure;
- (d) any action which may be taken following the completion of the procedure; and
- (e) the office holder's rights of appeal against the decision to take any action against the office holder.

(3) Any directions issued under paragraph (1) above may provide for different procedures for different circumstances and may make provision for any other matters which the Archbishops' Council considers appropriate.

(4) When issuing directions under paragraph (1) above the Archbishops' Council shall endeavour to ensure that an office holder who is the subject of the capability procedures under this regulation is placed in a position which is no less favourable than that in which an employee would be placed under Part I of Schedule 2 to the Employment Act 2002(16).

(5) A draft of any directions proposed to be made shall be laid before the General Synod and, if they are approved by the General Synod, whether with or without amendment, the draft directions as so approved shall be referred to the Archbishops' Council.

(6) Where draft directions are referred to the Archbishops' Council under paragraph (5) above then-

- (a) if they have been approved by the General Synod without any amendment, the Archbishops' Council shall, by applying its seal, make the directions;
- (b) if they have been approved by the General Synod with amendment, the Archbishops' Council may either-
 - (i) by applying its seal make the directions as so amended, or
 - (ii) withdraw the draft directions for further consideration in view of any amendment by the General Synod;

and the directions shall not come into force until they have been sealed by the Archbishops' Council.

(7) Where the Business Committee of the General Synod determines that draft directions do not need to be debated by the General Synod, then, unless-

- (a) notice is given by a member of the General Synod in accordance with its standing orders that he or she wishes the draft directions to be debated, or
- (b) notice is so given by any such member that he or she wishes to move an amendment to the draft directions,

the draft directions shall, for the purposes of paragraphs (5) and (6) above, be deemed to have been approved by the General Synod without amendment.

Grievance procedures

Archbishops' Council to issue directions concerning grievance procedures

32.—(1) The Archbishops' Council shall from time to time issue directions containing procedures for enabling an office holder to seek redress for grievances.

(16) 2002 c.22.

- (2) Any directions issued under paragraph (1) above shall make provision for—
- (a) the office holder to state his or her grievance in writing;
 - (b) informing the office holder of the person or authority to whom or to which the office holder is to address the grievance;
 - (c) informing the office holder of the procedures to be followed in discussing the grievance and for taking any action to redress it, including the opportunity for a meeting between the office holder and the person or authority to whom or to which the grievance is redressed;
 - (d) rights of appeal against the decision relating to the grievance and informing the office holder of such rights; and
 - (e) informing the office holder of any action which may be taken following the completion of the procedure.

(3) Any directions issued under paragraph (1) above may provide for different procedures for different circumstances and may make provision for any other matters which the Archbishops' Council considers appropriate.

(4) When issuing directions under paragraph (1) above the Archbishops' Council shall endeavour to ensure that an office holder who seeks redress under this regulation is placed in a position which is no less favourable than that in which an employee would be placed under Part II of Schedule 2 to the Employment Act 2002(17) or any Regulations made under that Act.

PART VIII

UNFAIR DISMISSAL

Rights on unfair dismissal

Right to apply to employment tribunal

33.—(1) Where the appointment of an office holder has been terminated by notice given under section 3(6) of the Measure following an adjudication of a panel constituted under directions of the Archbishops' Council under regulation 31 above, the office holder shall have the right not to be unfairly dismissed.

(2) Subject to paragraph (3) and (4) below Part X of the Employment Rights Act 1996(18) (in this regulation referred to as “the 1996 Act”) shall apply in relation to an office holder who is dismissed in the circumstances described in paragraph (1) above as it applies to an employee who is dismissed for a reason relating to the capability of the employee in accordance with section 98(2) of the 1996 Act and as if in that Act—

- (a) any reference to an employee were a reference to the office holder;
- (b) except in the case of a person holding office in a cathedral, any reference to an employer were a reference to the Diocesan Board of Finance for the diocese in which, on the date on which the office was terminated, the office holder exercised his office;
- (c) in the case of a person holding office in a cathedral, any reference to an employer were a reference to the Chapter of the cathedral; and
- (d) any reference to employment were a reference to the holding of an office;

and as if the office holder had been dismissed by that Diocesan Board of Finance and the reason or principal reason stated in the notice referred to in paragraph (1) above were the reason or principal reason for the dismissal.

(3) Section 108 of the 1996 Act shall not apply in relation to an office holder who has the right not to be unfairly dismissed under this regulation and for the purposes of Part X of that Act the

(17) 2002 c.22.

(18) 1996 c.18.

office holder shall be treated as if the period of continuous holding of the office were the period beginning with the date on which the office holder was appointed and ending with the date of the notice referred to in paragraph (1) above.

(4) This regulation shall not apply to an office holder who has attained the retirement age specified in relation to the office holder's office in section 1 of the Ecclesiastical Offices (Age Limit) Measure 1975(19).

The draft of these Regulations was approved by the General Synod of the Church of England on
[] 200-

Church House, London

David Williams
Clerk to the Synod

THE COMMON SEAL of the Archbishops' Council was hereunto affixed on
[] 200-

Church House, London

William Fittall
Secretary General

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(This note is not part of the Regulations)

These Regulations make provision for the terms of service of the holders of ecclesiastical office who, under the Ecclesiastical Offices (Terms of Service) Measure 200- are subject to Common Tenure. They confer rights on office holders which, in many respects, are comparable to those enjoyed by employees.

Part II of the Regulations confers entitlements on office holders to be given particulars of the terms of their appointment and information about disciplinary, capability and grievance procedures. Provision is made for access to employment tribunals where these requirements are not complied with.

Part III confers on an office holder a right to be paid a stipend of not less than the National Minimum Stipend and sets out the rights and obligations of office holders and the authorities which provide them with accommodation. The office holder is given the right to object to certain transactions proposed to be carried out in relation to a house of residence occupied by the office holder and provision is made for the resolution of disputes.

Part IV makes provision for the ministerial development review, education and training of office holders. Part V confers entitlements to time off work for maternity, paternity, parental and adoption leave and to time spent on the performance of public duties and makes provision for sickness.

Part VI relates to fixed and limited term appointments and makes provision for the compensation of office holders whose office is potentially affected by pastoral reorganisation schemes or orders under the Pastoral Measure 1983.

Part VII provides for the Archbishops' Council to issue directions relating to procedures for assessing the capability of an office holder to perform his or her duties and for enabling office holders to seek redress for grievances. Part VIII confers a right on an office holder who has not reached the retirement age not to be unfairly dismissed where his or her appointment has been terminated following the application of the capability procedures. Part X of the Employment Rights Act 1996 is applied, with modifications, so as to enable an office holder to have a claim for unfair dismissal heard by an employment tribunal.